## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

ERIC M. ALBRITTON,	§	
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	
	§	NO. 6:08-CV-00089
(1) CISCO SYSTEMS, INC., (2) RICHARD	§	
FRENKEL, (3) MALLUN YEN and	§	
(4) JOHN NOH,	§	
	§	
Defendants.	§	

## **NOTICE OF SUBPOENA SERVED**

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Plaintiff has caused a subpoena to be served upon Shelley Moore. A copy of said subpoena is attached hereto.

Respectfully submitted,

Wester Hospitar V

Nicholas H. Patton

Texas Bar No.: 15631000

PATTON, TIDWELL & SCHROEDER, LLP

4605 Texas Boulevard

P. O. Box 5398

Texarkana, Texas 7550505398

(903) 792-7080 (903) 792-8233 (fax)

Patricia L. Peden

LAW OFFICE OF PATRICIA L. PEDEN

610 16th Street, Suite 400

Oakland, California 94612

Telephone: 510.268.8033

James A. Holmes

Texas Bar No. 00784290

THE LAW OFFICE OF JAMES HOLMES, P.C.

635 South Main, Suite 203

Henderson, Texas 75654

903.657.2800 / 903.657.2855 (Fax)

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that all counsel of record who are deemed to have consented to electronic service are being served with a copy of this document via the Court's CM/ECF system per Local Rule CV-5(a)(3) on this 11<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2009.

Nicholas H. Patton

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# Issued by the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT **EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS**

Eric M. Albritton

SUBPOENA V.	IN A CIVIL CASE
Cisco Systems, Inc., et al  Case Number:	1 6:08cv89
TO: Shelley Moore, Deputy Clerk, United States District Court, 500 State Line Avenue	, Texarkana, TX 75501
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United States District court at the platestify in the above case.	ce, date, and time specified below to
PLACE OF TESTIMONY	COURTROOM
United States District Court	
Eastern District of Texas	DATE AND TIME
Tyler, Texas 75702	March 2, 2009 @ 9:00 a.m.
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, and time specified below tin the above case.  PLACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE AND TIME
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspection and copying of the for place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects):	
PLACE	DATE AND TIME
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the following premises at the	date and time specified below.
PREMISES	DATE AND TIME
Any organization not a party to this suit that is subpoenaed for the taking of a deposition she directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testify on its behalf, and may se matters on which the person will testify. Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(6).	all designate one or more officers, t forth, for each person designated, the
ISSUING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE AND TITLE (INDICATE IF ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDAN	I) DATE
Wichen Hatter Attorney for Plaintiff	February 3, 2009
ISSUING OFFICER'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER	

(See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e), on next page)

Nicholas H. Patton, Patton, Tidwell & Schroeder, LLP, P.O. Box 5398, Texarkana, TX 75505-5398 (903.792.7080)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If action is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

PROOF OF SERVICE		
SERVED 9 35 2/4/2009	Texarkana, Texas	
SERVED ON (PRINT NAME)	MANNER OF SERVICE	
SHELLEY MOORE	Ingurson	
SERVED BY (PRINT NAME)	TTTLE	
DONALD G. WELLS	Process server	
DECLAR	ATION OF SERVER	

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information contained in the Proof of Service is true and correct.

2/4/2009

Donald Afrilla 5C1397

SIGNATURE OF SERVER

1001 Teyas Blud #108

ADDRESS OF SERVER

Teyarkana, Texas

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e), as amended on December 1, 2007:

### (c) PROTECTING A PERSON SUBJECT TO A SUBPORNAL

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for ng and serving a subpoene must take reasonable steps to avoid imp expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction - which may include lost carnings and reasonable attorney's on a party or attorney who fails to comply

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) Appearance Not Required. A person electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to n may serve on the party or atterney designated in the su objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises --- or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, on initiactin the communical person, the serving party may move

the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subnocna.

(A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a

(i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

(ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person — except that, subject to Rule 45(e)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoens if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or

(iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

(i) shows a substantial need for the test imony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoensed person will be reasonably compensated.

### (d) DUTIES IN RESPONDING TO A SUBPORNAL

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

nts. A person responding to a subpoens to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpocus does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person ag must produce it in a form or forms in which it is prelimpily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not every of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies a not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoensed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or

tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoens is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

### (e) CONTEMPT.

The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoens. A nonperty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoces purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).